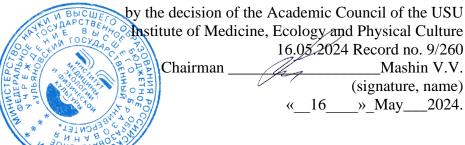
APPROVED BY



Course:	Biopsychosocial approach to medical rehabilitation
Faculty	Medical faculty of T.Z. Biktimirov
Department:	Psychiatry, Narcology and Medical Psychology
Grade	III

EDUCATIONAL PLAN

Direction (specialty) 31.05.01 General medicine

the code of the direction (specialty), full name

Orientation (profile/specialty) not provided

		full name			
Form of training	<u>full-time</u>				
Date of introduction «_01»_Septembe	into the academic pr	e, part-time (specify only those that ocess at Ulyanovsk State			
The program was upo	dated at the meeting	of the department: №	of	20	
The program was upo	dated at the meeting	of the department: №	of	20	_•
The program was up	lated at the meeting	of the department. No	\mathbf{of}	20	

Information about developers:

Full name	Abbreviation of Department	Academic, degree, title	
Yarzutkin S.V.	DPNMP	Associate Professor, PhD	

AGREED	AGREED
Head of department, developing discipline	Head of the graduating Department
//_Sabitov I.A/ «15»May2024.	// Vize-Khripunova M.A./ «_15_»_ May2024.

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1. OBJECTIVES AND AIM OF DISCIPLINE «BIOPSYCHOSOCIAL APPROACH TO MEDICAL REHABILITATION»:

The aim of discipline: to form the ideas about patterns the functioning of the human body, the principles of rehabilitation treatment and rehabilitation technologies based on the biopsychosocial model.

List of Objectives that students have to solve in the course of studying the discipline:

- 1. The formation of knowledge about the biopsychosocial approach to restoring human health
- 2. Acquaintance with the basics of diagnosis in rehabilitation.

sary for a doctor of any profile to fulfill his professional duties.

- 3. Formation of skills to use the international classification of functioning for making a rehabilitation diagnosis, assessing rehabilitation potential;
- 4. Studying the features of the multidisciplinary rehabilitation team, demonstrating the role of specialists providing medical and social rehabilitation assistance in a multidisciplinary team; principles of multidisciplinary work;
- 5. Training in teamwork skills with MDB specialists;
- 6. Training in setting rehabilitation SMART goals and taking into account biopsychosocial interactions in the preparation of an individual rehabilitation plan for patients with various pathologies.

2. PLACE OF THE SUBJECT IN THE STRUCTURE OF GEP:

Discipline "Biopsychosocial approach to medical rehabilitation" is referred to electives (FTD.01) in the specialty «General medicine».

The basis for the study of the discipline "Biopsychosocial approach to medical rehabilitation" is a system of information on biology, normal anatomy, neuroanatomy, normal human physiology, bioethics, psychology and pedagogy, formed in the course of study at previous courses. The discipline has interdisciplinary connections with the disciplines of Philosophy, Psychology and Pedagogy, Bioethics, Neuroanatomy, Normal Physiology, and Propaedeutics of Internal Diseases. The study of the elective course "Biopsychosocial approach to medical rehabilitation" precedes the study of most clinical disciplines, as it forms the basic mental, sensory and motor skills neces-

3. LIST OF EXPECTED RESULTS OF INSTRUCTION ON THE SUBJECT (UNIT), CORELATED WITH PLANNED RESULTS OF COMPLETING THE PROGRAM

Code and name of the	Code and name of the indicator of achievement of general
general professional	professional competence
competence	
UC - 3 The ability to organ-	Know: the methods of forming teams.
ize and manage the work of	Be able to: develop a plan of group and organizational communi-
the team, developing a	cations during the preparation and implementation of the project
team strategy to achieve the	Own: the ability to analyze, design and organize interpersonal,
goal	group and organizational communications in a team to achieve a
	set goal
PC-4 Readiness to deter-	Know: the methods of administration of medicines in patients with
mine the need for the use of	various diseases who need medical rehabilitation and spa treat-
natural therapeutic factors,	ment.
medicinal, non-drug ther-	Be able to: apply various methods of drug administration in pa-
apy and other methods in	tients with various diseases in need of medical rehabilitation and
patients who need medical	sanatorium-resort treatment

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rehabilitation and spa treat-	Own: the skills of using different methods of drug administration
ment	in sanatorium-resort conditions in patients who need medical re-
	habilitation and sanatorium-resort treatment

4. VOLUME OF THE SUBJECT

4.1. Volume of the subject in credit points (total): 2 credit points

4.2. On types of academic workload (in hours): 72 hours

T-ma of academic	Number of hours (form of education - full time)					
Type of academic	Total accord-	In	ncluding on semesters			
work	ing to the plan	5	6	7		
1	2	3	4	5		
Work of students	54/54*	-	54/54*	-		
with a teacher						
Classes:						
lectures	18/18*	-	18/18*	-		
practical classes and	36/36*	-	36/36*	-		
seminars						
lab classes (practical	-	-	-	-		
lessons)						
Self-study work	18	-	18	-		
Concurrent control	Testing, control	-	Testing, control			
(number and type: a	work		work			
test, a colloquium, a						
report)						
Course paper	-	-	-	-		
Types of intermediate	credit	-	credit	-		
attestation (examina-						
tion, test)						
Total number of	72	-	72	-		
hours on the subject						

^{*} The number of hours of work of teaching staff with students in a distance format using e-learning

4.3. Contents of the discipline (module). Distribution of hours on themes and kinds of study: Number of hours -72~h

Form of study: full-time

				Activity format			
Name of sections and		Auditorylessons			Inter-	Self-	current con-
themes	Total		Practical		active	study	trol
themes		Lectures	classes, seminars	tory work		work	
	_	_	Sellillais	_			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Section 1. Methodolog	Section 1. Methodology of physical and rehabilitation medicine						
Introduction to physical	5	2	2			1	control
and rehabilitation medi-							work, tests
cine							

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General aspects of a per-	7	2	4		1	control
son's functioning and						work, tests,
limitations of his life.						situational
						tasks
Sanological health as-	5	2	2		1	control
sessment concepts.						work, tests,
						situational
						tasks
The concept of "quality	5	2	2		1	control
of life" as one of the		_	_			work, report
most important modern						on the
areas of research in reha-						workshop
bilitation.						Workshop
The main differences be-	5	2	2		1	control
tween rehabilitation and		_				work, tests
treatment.						work, tests
Biopsychosocial ap-	5	2	2		1	control
	3	2				
proach to rehabilitation						work, tests,
						training
	36	14	16	2	6	project
Santian 2 Familian and la					0	
Section 2. Fundamentals	_	paedeuuc medicino		cai and renabilita-		
Examination of neuro-	3	Incurcing	2		1	control
muscular, skeletal and						work, tests,
motion-related systems.						situational
inotion related systems.						tasks
Fundamentals of biome-	3		2		1	control
chanical and kinematic						work, tests,
diagnostics in PRM						situational
						tasks
Study of the functions of	3		2		1	control
the cardiovascular and						work, tests,
respiratory systems for						situational
the purpose of rehabilita-						tasks
tion.						tasks
The study of mental and	3		2		1	control
sensory functions, voice						work, tests,
and speech functions.						situational
and speech functions.						tasks
Principles of assessment	3	1	2			control
/ diagnosis in physical						work, tests,
and rehabilitation medi-						situational
cine						tasks
Physiological and patho-	3	1	2	+		control
physiological substantia-						work, tests,
tion of the rehabilitation						situational
						tasks
Section 3 International	ologgifi	cotion of	functions	ng and arganization	of the	
Section 3. International	CIASSIII	cauvii oi	TUHCHOIII	ig and organization	or the r	cnavillation

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process

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Legal regulation of medical rehabilitation.	4	1	2		1	control work, tests
Ethical problems in the rehabilitation process. Doctor and society in the era of the development of new rehabilitation technologies.	2	1			1	control work, tests, situational tasks
ICF inrehabilitationmedicine	4	1	2		1	
Diagnostic principles in PRM: assessment of impaired function, structures, activity, participation, and environmental factors. Rehabilitation diagnosis	1				1	Tests, work- shop report, skills demonstra- tion
The technology of using ICF in rehabilitation.	3		2		1	control work, tests, situational tasks
Practical application of the IFF. The concept of rehabilitation potential and rehabilitation prog- nosis.	2		2			control work, tests, situational tasks
Individual medical rehabilitation program.	3		2		1	control work, tests, situational tasks
Psychological aspects of the MDB	1				1	control work, tests, situational tasks
Principles of organization of team work of the MDB	1	1				control work, tests, situational tasks
Recovery education: methodological and the- oretical foundations.	3		2		1	control work, tests, situational tasks
Total	72	18	36		18	

5. COURSE CONTENT

Section 1. Methodology of physical and rehabilitation medicine

Theme 1. Introduction to physical and rehabilitation medicine

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Content: Relevance of rehabilitation for people with disabilities and for society. Description of the specialty of physical and rehabilitation medicine. Goals and results of rehabilitation. The principles of physical and rehabilitation medicine. Physical and rehabilitation medicine as an independent specialty. The role of a specialist in physical and rehabilitation medicine: medical, medical and social problems, goals and standards of a specialty, interdisciplinary work. Medical and non-medical rehabilitation in modern healthcare. Basic methods and means of rehabilitation.

Topic 2.General aspects of the functioning of man and the limitations of his life.

Topic content: The human body as a single self-developing and self-regulating biological system. The impact of the external environment on human life. The main categories of human activity. Physical and mental activity of a person. Fatigue and overwork during physical and mental work.

Basic terminological concepts (health, illness, norm, working capacity, working ability, legal capacity, rational labor and household device). Specifics of rehabilitation and adaptation. The concept of disability (disabled person, disabled child, disability, congenital and acquired disability) and its causes. Limitation of life.

Theme 3. Sanological concepts of health assessment.

<u>Content:</u> Public Health. Public health. The concept of "lifestyle", its structure and impact on health. The problem of the "amount of health." Indicators for determining population health levels. The system of health levels. The health status of the population and the conditions and factors affecting it.

The meaning of the concepts of lifestyle and healthy lifestyle. Fundamentals of the prevention of neuropsychic and psychosomatic disorders, states of mental maladaptation and behavioral disorders. The concept of secondary and tertiary prevention. Patient's health: knowledge, perception and beliefs regarding their health; condition, its consequences, treatment and preventive options. Attitude to health. The internal picture of health - the internal picture of the disease - the internal picture of treatment. Factors affecting the patient's motivation for rehabilitation. The role of the medical psychologist in carrying out rehabilitation measures.

Possibilities of compensation for violations in the rehabilitation process. The use of human adaptive capabilities in the rehabilitation process.

Topic 4. The concept of "quality of life" as one of the most important modern areas of research in rehabilitation.

<u>Content:</u> Levels of functional abilities, their assessment. The concept of quality of life. Psychological aspects of maintaining and strengthening mental and somatic human health. Factors of a healthy lifestyle and attitude to health. Health-related quality of life: objective characteristics and psychological components, ways of optimization.

Types and forms of social mobility. The influence of the socio-psychological environment on rehabilitation. Psychological problems of people with disabilities, the main reasons that impede the normal psychological integration of people with disabilities in society, psychological characteristics characteristic of people with disabilities. Conceptual and theoretical aspects of disability.

Topic 5. The main differences between rehabilitation and treatment.

<u>Topic content:</u> Model of functioning, disability and health in rehabilitation according to the world health organization. Disability models: medical, social, psychological. Disability and the rehabilitation process: a model of traditional medicine, a model of physical and rehabilitation medicine, the rehabilitation process.

Theme 6.Biopsychosocial approach to rehabilitation

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The content of the topic: The social essence of man, his health, diseases. Biologizing, cybernizing, energizing, sociologizing and psychologizing definitions of diseases. The role of the patient's personality in the rehabilitation process. Biopsychosocial rehabilitation model. Factors predisposing the onset of disability in the disease: unfavorable, harmful, pathogenic. The influence of biological, psychological and social factors on the rehabilitation process. Interaction and manifestation of various factors in the formation of limitations of the patient's capabilities during rehabilitation. Psychological mechanisms to overcome and compensate for the defects caused by the disease. The internal picture of disability. Rehabilitation as a complex of various impact measures: medical, social and professional.

Section 2. Fundamentals of propaedeutics in physical and rehabilitation medicine Topic 1.Examination of neuromuscular, skeletal and motion-related systems.

Contents of the topic: Different types of muscles. Muscle agonists, antagonists, synergists. Kinetic chain. Morphokinesiology analysis of limbs.

Dynamic anatomy of body positions. General structure, classification and characteristics of joint movements. Normal range of motion in the joints. Cyclic, acyclic, rotational movements. Functional muscle groups involved in the movements of the head, upper and lower extremities, trunk, and spine. The functions of the muscles of the neck and back with various types of support.

Physiological function of joints and muscles: spine and limbs. Muscle contraction, internal and external resistance, muscle contraction and range of motion in joints. Factors limiting range of motion. Various mechanical types of muscle contraction, mono- and polyarticular muscles. Static or isometric contractions, dynamic or isokinetic contractions. Plyometric contractions. Neurophysiology of posture and movement. Functional system of movements. The main types of locomotor activity (postures, gestures, walking).

Examination technique, symptoms and symptom complexes of motor disorders in the pathology of muscles, neuromuscular apparatus, skeleton. Diagnosis of motor disorders: complaints, features of the examination. Projections of muscles and conditions of muscle groups during body movements. Morphology of the studied exercise or movement. Manual muscle testing, range of motion, coordination, dexterity. Assess the severity of violations using recommended scales and questionnaires. Analysis of posture and movement. Muscle stamina function. Functions of an involuntary motor reaction. Gait stereotype function. Mobility (moving the body, changing and maintaining body position). Clinical and functional assessment of joint and muscle function; assessment of motor function and sensitivity.

Walking as an example of a complex, locomotor, translational, cyclic movement associated with repulsion from a supporting surface. Varieties of walking. Walking is normal and with pathological changes in the musculoskeletal system.

Theme 2. Fundamentals of biomechanical and kinematic diagnostics in the FRM The content of the topic:

General characteristics and classification of human body movements. Classification of the position of the body. Characterization of body positions from the standpoint of the laws of mechanics. Characteristics of the muscles of the trunk, upper and lower extremities. Features of the functioning of organs and support systems in unnatural positions of the body. The influence of movements on the motor apparatus, internal organs, coordination of movements. The sequence (algorithm diagram) of the anatomical analysis of the positions and movements of a person (according to MF Ivanitsky).

The effect of exercise on the spinal column and chest.

Biomechanics of various tissues in the human body (in particular the musculoskeletal system).Initial knowledge of fluid biomechanics and their application to human body fluids.

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Topic 3: Investigation of the functions of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems for rehabilitation.

Topic content: Anatomical and physiological characteristics of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems. Basic physiological mechanisms to ensure motor activity. The impact of physical training on the blood, circulatory system, metabolism. The meaning and functionality of breathing. Physiological costs, cardiovascular and pulmonary effects of physical activity. The main characteristics of the adaptation of the respiratory system to motor activity. The main characteristics of the adaptation of the cardiovascular system to motor activity. Motor activity in enhancing the functions of individual internal organs and systems of a person.

Methods for the diagnosis of impaired exercise tolerance. Pulmonary function tests. Functional testing of the cardiovascular system, oxygen saturation, exercises with graduated load.

Topic 4.The study of mental and sensory functions, the functions of voice and speech. Content: Anatomical and physiological features of the functioning of the brain. Basic postulates of the theory of functional systems and their use in the rehabilitation process. Anatomical relationships of sensory systems, structures of the brain and spinal cord and musculoskeletal system. Global and specific mental functions, methods of their assessment. Symptoms and symptom complexes of violations. Assessment of cognitive skills, language and speech, memory, behavior

Anatomical and physiological features of the organs of vision, hearing and balance. Symptoms and symptom complexes of violations. Features of communication with patients suffering from impaired sensory functions.

The mechanism of pain; the interaction of pain and movement. Methodology for assessing pain. Chronic pain. Painful behavior.

Theme 5. Principles of assessment / diagnosis in physical and rehabilitation medicine Contents of the topic: Diagnosis of the disease. Clinical diagnostic tools. Functional scales. Biochemical and pathological tests used in the field of physical medicine and rehabilitation. Laboratory research and imaging methods. The rational use of modern methods of medical imaging in physical and rehabilitation medicine.

Clinical tests and scales used in rehabilitation. Clinical and functional studies: standardized / clinical tests; rating scales and questionnaires, measurement results; somato-sensory testing; pose; mobility; reaching out, grabbing and manipulating; testing of general and specific sensitivity; swallowing and nutrition; sexual function; urination control; tissue viability (skin problems and pressure sores); bowel / bladder function; communication (speech, language and non-verbal communication); mood, behavior, personality; general health indicators .; neuropsychological testing (perception, memory, executive functions, attention, etc.). Scales of activity and participation. Scales for the assessment of environmental factors. Scales for assessing professional activities, daily activities.

Various scales, devices, tests and indicators used in physical and rehabilitation medicine. Instrumental tests (dynamometry: assessment of muscle endurance and strength; electrophysiological testing, etc.). Quantitative assessment by recording mechanical and kinetic phenomena (stabilized platform), as well as movements or kinematics (various modern forms of recording movements of body segments). Electrodiagnostics: electromyography, study of nerve conduction and evoked potentials. Kinematic measurements of gait: assessment of the structure of movement, including temporal and spatial parameters (goniometry / electrogoniometry, ascelometry, optoelectronic systems, digital video camera using specialized software, etc.). Kinetic measurements of gait: assessment of the possibility of overcoming the gravity of the earth (dynamometric platforms, pedobraographic platforms, sensory insoles, portable systems for movement, etc.);

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surface EMG activity in selected muscles; power engineering. Quantitative assessment of other indicators of equilibrium and mobility (static and dynamic posturography, monitoring of long-term activity, etc.).

Theme 6. Physiological and pathophysiological substantiation of the rehabilitation process The content of the topic:

The concept of adaptation and readaptation. Adaptation of bones to physical activity. Adaptation of bone joints to physical activity. Muscle adaptation to physical activity. Regeneration. Classification (physiological, pathological). Localization. Levels. Morphological manifestations. Outcomes.

Sanogenetic mechanisms of restoration of disturbed or compensation of lost body functions and counteraction to pathological processes in the body.

Bioenergy need for various activities. Food and water-salt regimes and mechanisms of bioenergy supply.

Restoration of movements with damage to the nervous system. The basic principles of the interaction of the functional systems of the body.

Methods of neuro-muscular re-education. System (method) of "proprioceptive neuro-muscular relief".

Mechanisms for the restoration of function in injuries of the spine and spinal cord.

The mechanisms of tissue damage and the development of organ dysfunction (atrophy, spasticity, chronic pain). Adaptation of cells and tissues and improper adaptation (plasticity, molecular mechanisms and mediators). Autonomous regulation. Biological mechanism of interventions (pain, relief, motor training).

Section 3. International classification of functioning and organization of the rehabilitation process

Theme 1.Legal regulation of medical rehabilitation.

The content of the topic:

Legal regulation of medical rehabilitation. The legal basis of medical and social expertise, the formation and implementation of an individual program for the rehabilitation and habilitation of people with disabilities and children with disabilities.

Theme 2.Ethical problems in the rehabilitation process. Doctor and society in the era of the development of new rehabilitation technologies.

The content of the topic:

Moral and legal aspects of the ethics of the doctor-patient relationship in rehabilitation. The problem of justice in the provision of rehabilitation services to patients. The right to rehabilitation.

Rights and moral obligations of members of an interdisciplinary rehabilitation team; The moral climate of the multidisciplinary rehabilitation team, partnership, team morale and personal responsibility. Interpersonal, intragroup and intergroup moral conflicts in the process of work as part of a rehabilitation team, ways to resolve and prevent them.

Rehabilitation assistance and rehabilitation service. Commercialization of rehabilitation activities and its impact on the moral climate in the team.

Normative and criteria aspects of morality as an ethical characteristic of health. The ethical essence of life: meaning and purpose. Socio-role aspects of medical ethics.

Cosmetic aspects of medical and social rehabilitation.

Cultural aspects of disability and rehabilitation (cultural influences, social relations, religious

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beliefs).

Theme 3. ICF in rehabilitation medicine

Topic content: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF, 2001): creation history, goals, main sections, terminology. Health Factors Medical and social aspects of pathological conditions and disability. Functional state, evaluation criteria. Environmental factors (natural and human-modified, social environment, environmental adaptation options, assistive technologies, aids, levels of individual independence from others).

Modern ideas about the rehabilitation of people with disabilities. The relationship between the development of rehabilitation and the choice of disability model: medical, political, independent life model, medical and social, etc. New approaches to solving the problems of people with disabilities in modern Russia.

Topic 4. Principles of diagnostics at the ICF: assessment of impaired function, structures, activity, participation and environmental factors. Rehabilitation diagnosis

Topic Content: Domains Structures and Functions. Domains of activity and participation. Realization and capitalism. The role of participants in the rehabilitation process in assessing various ICF domains. Formulation of a rehabilitation diagnosis according to the ICF. Health Questionnaire (WHO). Tests and scales that measure activity and participation.

Theme 5. Technology of application of ICF in rehabilitation.

Content: Rehabilitation goals. Rules for setting goals for the SMART system. Features of goal setting. The main principles of rehabilitation: planning, continuity, consistency; complexity; integrity; principle of individuality; deployment of rehabilitation potential; the principle of mutual adaptation of conditions; conditional completion of rehabilitation and resocialization. The dynamics of the rehabilitation process. Ways of rehabilitation: restorative, replacement, adaptive.

Theme 6.Practical application of the International Film Festival. The concept of rehabilitation potential and rehabilitation prognosis.

Content: The concept of an individual rehabilitation program. Features of the practical application of the ICF.

The concept of rehabilitation potential: types, key indicators, assessment.

Rehabilitation forecast. Its determining factors: features of the disease and its consequences, rehabilitation potential, socio-psychological and socio-legal features. A rational combination of various aspects of rehabilitation.

Theme 7.Individual program of medical rehabilitation.

Topic content: Individual rehabilitation program: principles of program development, selection of patients for rehabilitation programs. Interaction of doctors of various specialties and non-medical specialists in the system of medical rehabilitation. Opportunities and competencies of a rehabilitation doctor. Interventions in physical and rehabilitation medicine. Rehabilitation equipment. Technical means of rehabilitation.

Theme 8. Psychological aspects of the MDB

The content of the topic: Multidisciplinary rehabilitation team. Communicative competence of members of a multidisciplinary team as an important component of the rehabilitation process. Psychological problems of persons with disabilities. The main reasons that interfere with the normal psychological integration of persons with disabilities. Assessment of the psychological status of a disabled person. Psychological traits characteristic of persons with disabilities. Socio-psychological aspects of the relationship of people with disabilities and healthy people.

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Types of socio-psychological adaptation of persons with disabilities: actively positive; passively negative; passively positive; actively negative. Ways to solve the psychological problems that arise with people with disabilities: helpline; psychologist consultation; psychological training; self-help groups.

The psychological position of the members of the multidisciplinary team in the process of providing psychological assistance in the rehabilitation process. Patterns of creating a favorable psychotherapeutic environment in a rehabilitation institution.

Theme 9. Principles of organization of team work of the MDB

Contents of the topic: Composition of MDBs in rehabilitation.

Teamwork in a professional team, the stage of group dynamics. The basics of conflict management and conflict management strategies.

Time management in the work of the MDB. Strategies for the efficient use of working time.

The ability to self-regulation as a professionally significant characteristic of the personality of a member of the MDB. Methods and methods of self-regulation of the emotional state in members of an interdisciplinary neurorehabilitation team. Functions of a doctor, medical psychologist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, speech therapist, rehabilitation nurse, social worker as part of an interdisciplinary rehabilitation team.

Theme 10. Restorative education: methodological and theoretical foundations.

Contents of the topic: The concept of compensatory-adaptive processes. Types, stages. The concept of restoration of higher mental functions by the mechanism of restructuring of functional systems. Means and methods of pedagogical influence on the personality.

Individual learning conditions (age, level of development, gender characteristics, cognitive style, motivation, etc.). Motivational background of learning. Types of motivation in the rehabilitation process. Ways to increase patient motivation for rehabilitation. Creating a positive statement and image of the goal. Ways to attract attention. Ways to help the student understand the material. Training in mental operations. The formation of psychomotor skills, social behavior skills. Compilation of training programs: checking the availability of preliminary knowledge and skills, providing training motives, visualizing the composition of the activity being formed, determining the requirements for the activity being formed, requirements for the content, form, number and sequence of tasks, presenting training tasks that ensure the achievement of learning goals, control of assimilation, regulation of the assimilation process. Feedback Forms. Training, education, psychocorrection. Their relationship. Educational programs in the family. Family education and family pedagogy.

6. TOPICS OF PRACTICAL CLASSES AND SEMINARS (FOR DISCUSSING AND SELF-PREPARING OF STUDENTS)

Section 1. Methodology of physical and rehabilitation medicine

Theme 1. Introduction to physical and rehabilitation medicine form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The relevance of rehabilitation for people with disabilities and for society.
- 2. A new specialty is a doctor of physical and rehabilitation medicine.
- 3. Goals and results of rehabilitation.
- 4. Basic principles of rehabilitation.
- 5. Medical and non-medical rehabilitation in modern healthcare.

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6. The main methods and means of rehabilitation.

Topic 2.General aspects of the functioning of man and the limitations of his life. form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The human body as a single self-developing and self-regulatory biological system.
- 2. Environmental factors and their impact on human life.
- 3. The main categories of human activity.
- 4. Physical and mental activity of a person.
- 5. Fatigue and overwork during physical and mental work.

Topic 2. General aspects of the functioning of man and the limitations of his life (continued).

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Basic terminological concepts (health, illness, norm, working capacity, working ability, legal capacity, rational labor and household device).
 - 2. The specifics of rehabilitation and adaptation.
- 3. The concept of disability (disabled person, child with a disability, disability, congenital and acquired disability) and its causes.
 - 4. Limitation of life.

Theme 3.Sanological concepts of health assessment.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Human health. The problem of the "amount of health."
- 2. The concept of "lifestyle", its structure and impact on health.
- 3. Indicators for determining the levels of public health. The system of health levels.
- 4. The health status of the population and the conditions and factors affecting it.
- 5. The meaning of the concepts of lifestyle and a healthy lifestyle.
- 6. Patient health: knowledge, perception and beliefs regarding one's health; condition, its consequences, treatment and preventive options.
- 7. Attitude to health. The internal picture of health the internal picture of the disease the internal picture of treatment.
 - 8. The role of the medical psychologist in carrying out rehabilitation measures.

Topic 4. The concept of "quality of life" as one of the most important modern areas of research in rehabilitation.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Levels of functional abilities, their assessment.
- 2. The concept of quality of life. P
- 3. Sihological aspects of maintaining and strengthening mental and somatic human health.
- 4. Health-related quality of life: objective characteristics and psychological components, optimization paths.
- 5. Types and forms of social mobility. The influence of the socio-psychological environment on rehabilitation.
- 6. Psychological problems of people with disabilities, the main reasons that interfere with the normal psychological integration of people with disabilities in society, psychological features characteristic of people with disabilities

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Topic 5.The main differences between rehabilitation and treatment.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Model of functioning, disability and health in rehabilitation according to the world health organization.
- 2. Disability models: medical, social, psychological.
- 3. Disruption of life and the rehabilitation process.
- 4. The model of traditional medicine,
- 5. Models of physical and rehabilitation medicine
- 6. The process of rehabilitation.

Theme 6.Biopsychosocial approach to rehabilitation

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The social essence of man, his health, diseases.
- 2. Biologizing, cybernizing, energizing, sociologizing and psychologizing definitions of diseases.
 - 3. The role of the patient's personality in the rehabilitation process.
 - 4. Biopsychosocial rehabilitation model.
- 5. The interaction and manifestation of various factors in the formation of limitations of the patient's capabilities during rehabilitation.

Theme 6.Biopsychosocial approach to rehabilitation (continued) form: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Factors predisposing the onset of disability in the disease: adverse, harmful, pathogenic.
- 2. The influence of biological, psychological and social factors on the rehabilitation process.
- 3. Psychological mechanisms for overcoming and compensating for existing defects caused by the disease.
 - 4. The internal picture of disability.
- 5. Rehabilitation as a complex of various impact measures: medical, social and professional in nature.

Section 2. Fundamentals of propaedeutics in physical and rehabilitation medicine.

Topic 1.Examination of neuromuscular, skeletal and motion-related systems.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Anatomical and physiological characteristics of the muscles.
- 2. The kinetic chain. Morphokinesiology analysis of limbs.
- 3. Functional muscle groups involved in the movements of the head, upper and lower extremities, trunk, and spine. The functions of the muscles of the neck and back with various types of support.
- 4. Examination technique, symptoms and symptom complexes of motor disorders in the pathology of muscles, neuromuscular apparatus, skeleton.
 - 5. Introduction to manual muscle testing, range of motion, coordination, dexterity.

Theme 1. Examination of neuromuscular, skeletal and motion-related systems

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(continued).

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Dynamic anatomy of body positions.
- 2. General structure, classification and characteristics of joint movements.
- 3. Neurophysiology of posture and movement. Functional system of movements. The main types of locomotor activity (posture, gestures, walking).
 - 4. Diagnosis of motor disorders: complaints, features of the examination.
 - 5. Analysis of posture and movement.
- 6. Walking as an example of a complex, locomotor, translational, cyclic movement associated with repulsion from a supporting surface.
 - 7. Walking is normal and with pathological changes in the musculoskeletal system.

Theme 2. Fundamentals of biomechanical and kinematic diagnostics in the FRM form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. General characteristics and classification of the movements of the human body.
- 2. Classification of body positions.
- 3. Characterization of body positions from the standpoint of the laws of mechanics.
- 4. The characteristics of the muscles of the trunk, upper and lower extremities. Features of the functioning of organs and support systems in unnatural positions of the body.
- 5. The effect of movements on the motor apparatus, internal organs, coordination of movements.

Theme 2. Fundamentals of biomechanical and kinematic diagnostics in the FRM form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The sequence (algorithm diagram) of the anatomical analysis of the positions and movements of a person (according to MF Ivanitsky).
 - 2. Analysis of walking in the rehabilitation process.
 - 3. The effect of exercise on the spinal column and chest.
- 4. Biomechanics of various tissues in the human body (in particular the musculoskeletal system).

Topic 3: Investigation of the functions of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems for rehabilitation.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Anatomical and physiological characteristics of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems.
- 2. Basic physiological mechanisms to ensure motor activity. The impact of physical training on the blood, circulatory system, metabolism.
 - 3. The value and functionality of breathing.
 - 4. Physiological costs, cardiovascular and pulmonary effects of physical activity.
- 5. The main characteristics of the adaptation of the respiratory system to motor activity. The main characteristics of the adaptation of the cardiovascular system to motor activity.
 - 6. Methodology for the diagnosis of impaired exercise tolerance. Easy functional tests.
- 7. Functional testing of the cardiovascular system, oxygen saturation, exercises with graduated load.

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Topic 4.The study of mental and sensory functions, the functions of voice and speech. form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Anatomical and physiological features of the functioning of the brain.
- 2. The basic postulates of the theory of functional systems and their use in the rehabilitation process.
- 3. The anatomical relationship of sensory systems, structures of the brain and spinal cord and musculoskeletal system.
- 4. Global and specific mental functions, methods of their assessment. Symptoms and symptom complexes of violations.
 - 5. Assessment of cognitive skills, language and speech, memory, behavior.

Topic 4. The study of mental and sensory functions, the functions of voice and speech (continued).

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Anatomical and physiological characteristics of the organs of vision, hearing and balance. Symptoms and symptom complexes of violations.
 - 2. Features of communication with patients suffering from impaired sensory functions.
- 3. The mechanism of pain; the interaction of pain and movement. Methodology for assessing pain.
 - 4. Chronic pain. Painful behavior. Ways of exposure.

Topic 5.Principles of assessment / diagnosis in physical and rehabilitation medicine. form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Clinical diagnostic tools. Functional scales. Biochemical and pathological tests used in the field of physical medicine and rehabilitation.
- 2. The rational use of modern methods of medical imaging in physical and rehabilitation medicine.
 - 3. Clinical tests and scales used in rehabilitation.
 - 4. Scales of activity and participation.
 - 5. Scales for the assessment of environmental factors.
 - 6. Scales for assessing professional activities, daily activities.
- 7. Various scales, instruments, tests and indicators used in physical and rehabilitation medicine.

Theme 6. Physiological and pathophysiological substantiation of the rehabilitation process

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The concept of adaptation and readaptation.
- 2. Adaptation of various organs and systems to physical activity.
- 3. Regeneration. Classification (physiological, pathological).
- 4. Sanogenetic mechanisms of restoration of disturbed or compensation of lost body functions and counteraction to pathological processes in the body.
 - 5. Bioenergy need for various activities.
 - 6. Food and water-salt regimes and mechanisms of bioenergy supply.

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Theme 6. Physiological and pathophysiological substantiation of the rehabilitation process (continued)

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Restoration of movements in case of damage to the nervous system. The basic principles of the interaction of the functional systems of the body.
- 2. Methods of neuro-muscular re-education. System (method) of "proprioceptive neuro-muscular relief".
 - 3. Mechanisms for the restoration of function in injuries of the spine and spinal cord.
- 4. Mechanisms of tissue damage and the development of organ dysfunction (atrophy, spasticity, chronic pain).
 - 5. The biological mechanism of interventions (pain, relief, motor training).

Section 3. International classification of functioning and organization of the rehabilitation process

Theme 1.Legal regulation of medical rehabilitation.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Legal regulation of medical rehabilitation.
- 2. The legal basis for medical and social expertise, the formation and implementation of an individual program for the rehabilitation and habilitation of people with disabilities and children with disabilities.

Theme 2.Ethical problems in the rehabilitation process.Doctor and society in the era of the development of new rehabilitation technologies.

form of conduct: training

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The moral and legal aspects of the ethics of the doctor-patient relationship in rehabilitation.
- 2. The problem of justice in the provision of rehabilitation services to patients. The right to rehabilitation.
 - 3. Rehabilitation assistance and rehabilitation service.
- 4. Commercialization of rehabilitation activities and its impact on the moral climate in the team.
 - 5. Normative and criteria aspects of morality as an ethical characteristic of health.
 - 6. Social-role aspects of medical ethics.

Theme 3. ICF in rehabilitation medicine

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. International classification of functioning, disability and health (ICF, 2001): history of creation, goals, main sections, terminology.
 - 2. Medical and social aspects of pathological conditions and disability.
- 3. Environmental factors (natural and man-made, social environment, environmental adaptation options, assistive technologies, assistive devices, levels of individual independence from others).
 - 4. New approaches to solving the problems of people with disabilities in modern Russia.

Topic 4. Principles of diagnostics in the ICF: assessment of impaired function, structures, activity, participation and environmental factors. Rehabilitation diagnosis form of carrying out: practical master class

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Issues for discussion:

- 1. Domains of structure and function.
- 2. Domains of activity and participation. Implementation and capitalism.
- 3. The role of participants in the rehabilitation process in assessing the various domains of the ICF.
 - 4. The formulation of the rehabilitation diagnosis according to the ICF.
 - 5. Health Questionnaire (WHO).
 - 6. Tests and scales that measure activity and participation.

Theme 5.Technology of application of ICF in rehabilitation.

form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Objectives of rehabilitation.
- 2. Rules for the formulation of goals for the SMART system. Features of goal setting.
- 3. The basic principles of rehabilitation: planning, continuity, consistency; complexity; integrity; principle of individuality; deployment of rehabilitation potential; the principle of mutual adaptation of conditions; conditional completion of rehabilitation and resocialization.
 - 4. The dynamics of the rehabilitation process.
 - 5. Ways of rehabilitation: restorative, replacement, adaptive.

Theme 6.Practical application of the International Film Festival. The concept of rehabilitation potential and rehabilitation prognosis.

form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The concept of an individual rehabilitation program.
- 2. Features of the practical application of the ICF.
- 3. The concept of rehabilitation potential: types, key indicators, assessment.
- 4. Rehabilitation forecast.
- 5. Factors determining it: features of the disease and its consequences, rehabilitation potential, socio-psychological and socio-legal features.
 - 6. A rational combination of various aspects of rehabilitation.

Theme 7.Individual program of medical rehabilitation.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. Individual rehabilitation program: principles of program development, selection of patients for rehabilitation programs.
- 2. Interaction of doctors of various specialties and non-medical specialists in the system of medical rehabilitation.
 - 3. Opportunities and competencies of a rehabilitologist.

Theme 7.Individual program of medical rehabilitation. form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The practice of compiling an individual rehabilitation program.
- 2. Interventions in physical and rehabilitation medicine.
- 3. Equipment for rehabilitation.
- 4. Technical means of rehabilitation.

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Theme 8. Psychological aspects of the MDB form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. A multidisciplinary rehabilitation team.
- 2. Communicative competence of members of a multidisciplinary team as an important component of the rehabilitation process.
 - 3. Psychological problems of persons with disabilities.
- 4. Socio-psychological aspects of the relationship of people with disabilities and healthy people.
- 5. The psychological position of the members of the multidisciplinary team in the process of providing psychological assistance in the rehabilitation process.

Theme 9. Principles of organization of team work of the MDB form of carrying out: practical master class

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The composition of the MDB in rehabilitation.
- 2. Teamwork in a professional team, the stage of group dynamics.
- 3. Time management in the work of the MDB. Strategies for the efficient use of work time.
- 4. Methods and methods of self-regulation of the emotional state of members of the interdisciplinary neurorehabilitation team.
- 5. Functions of a doctor, medical psychologist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, speech therapist, rehabilitation nurse, social worker as part of an interdisciplinary rehabilitation team.

Theme 10. Restorative education: methodological and theoretical foundations.

form: seminar

Issues for discussion:

- 1. The concept of compensatory-adaptive processes. Types, stages.
- 2. The concept of restoration of higher mental functions by the mechanism of restructuring of functional systems.
 - 3. Means and methods of pedagogical influence on the personality.
 - 4. Ways to increase patient motivation for rehabilitation.
 - 5. Ways to attract attention.
 - 6. The formation of psychomotor skills, social behavior skills.
- 7. Preparation of training programs: checking the availability of preliminary knowledge and skills, providing training motives, visualizing the composition of the activity being formed, determining the requirements for the activity being formed, requirements for the content, form, quantity and sequence of tasks, presenting educational tasks to ensure the achievement of learning objectives, control of assimilation, regulation of the assimilation process.

7. LABORATORY CLASSES

This type of work is not provided by the curriculum.

8. SUBJECTS OF COURSE PAPERS, TESTS, ESSAYS

Sample topics of essays

- 1. The history of the development of domestic and foreign rehabilitology.
- 2. Psychology of the rehabilitation process.

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- 3. Modern concepts of health and disease.
- 4. Personality in terms of rehabilitation.
- 5. Cosmetic aspects of medical and social rehabilitation.
- 6. Cultural aspects of disability and rehabilitation (cultural influences, public relations, religious beliefs).
 - 7. Psychological problems of persons with disabilities.
 - 8. The basics of conflict management and conflict resolution strategies.
 - 9. The formation of psychomotor skills, social behavior skills.
 - 10. Drawing up training programs in rehabilitation.
- 11. The ability to self-regulation as a professionally significant characteristic of the personality of a member of the MDB.
 - 12. Types of socio-psychological adaptation of persons with disabilities
 - 13. Ways to solve psychological problems that arise in people with disabilities.
- 14. Patterns of creating a favorable psychotherapeutic environment in a rehabilitation institution.
 - 15. The role of the family in the rehabilitation process.
- 16. Modern views on the rehabilitation of persons with disabilities. The relationship between the development of rehab lithology and the choice of a disability model: medical, political, an independent life model, medical and social, etc.

The purpose of writing an abstract: to teach literary analysis skills, to be able to formulate their worldview position, to master the skill of critical analysis.

Requirements for the volume and design of abstracts: The volume of 10-15 pages, including the face page, content, body of the abstract, list of used literature. Pages of the abstract should be numbered, excluding the front.

9. QUESTIONS FOR EXAM ON DISCIPLINE "BIOPSYCHOSOCIAL APPROACH TO MEDICAL REHABILITATION"

- 1. The concept of neurorehabilitation.
- 2. Specifics of the psychological approach to the study of human health.
- 3 . Principles of rehabilitation with transient ischemic attack
- 4. The stages of rehabilitation.
- 5. Scales used in neurorehabilitation.
- 6. The Rankin Scale.
- 7. Scale routing (SHRM).
- 8. Exercise therapy methods used in neurorehabilitation.
- 9. The concept of verticalization.
- 10. physical therapy Methods used in neurorehabilitation.
- 11. Principles of rehabilitation of patients with peripheral nervous system damage.
- 12. Principles of rehabilitation of patients with acute myocardial infarction.
- 13. Stages of rehabilitation of patients with acute myocardial infarction.
- 14. methods of physical therapy and physical therapy used for cardiorehabilitation.
- 15. Principles of rehabilitation of patients with arterial hypertension.
- 16. The stages of rehabilitation. patients with arterial hypertension.
- 17. Principles of rehabilitation of patients with CHD.
- 18. Exercise tests used to diagnose the state of the CCC.
- 19. Principles of medical rehabilitation.
- 20. Evaluation of the effectiveness of the treatment.
- 21. Methods of research of human physical development

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- 22. Methods for studying the functional state of a person.
- 23. The influence of physical activity on the body
- 24. The concept of rehabilitation potential, to define.
- 25. List the types of rehabilitation potential.
- 26. international classification of functioning, disability and health (ICF). Brief characteristic.
- 27. Difference from ICD. Evaluation of the state functions according to functional classes
- 28. Methods and means of medical rehabilitation.
- 29 . Problems of evaluating the effectiveness of psychological intervention.
- 30. Problems of mental adaptation and compensation.
- 31. The influence of somatic diseases on the psychic activity of man
- 32. Internal picture of the disease as a complex psychosomatic phenomenon.
- 33. Phenomenology of corporeality. Boundaries of the body, stability of the body image, forms of body identity. External and internal body, semantics of "internal" corporeality.
- 34. Directions, forms and methods of psychological intervention.
- 35. Specifics of psychological intervention, taking into account nosological, syndromic, socio-demographic, cultural and individual psychological characteristics;
- 36. Psychological assistance in extreme and crisis situations.
- 37. The main models of psychosomatic symptomogenesis based on the concept of "physiological" and "psychological" stress.
- 38. Biological and environmental risk factors for disorders of mental development and deviant behavior.
- 39 . Types of rehabilitation, a brief description of them.
- 40. Contraindications for the use of methods and means of medical rehabilitation.
- 41 . Health psychology, factors of a healthy lifestyle and attitude to health.
- 42 . Psychological aspects of preservation and strengthening of physical and mental health of the person.
- 43. the concept of rehabilitation, give a definition. The concept of medical rehabilitation, give a definition.
- 44. Stages of medical rehabilitation. Places of rehabilitation activities.
- 45 . The concept of a multidisciplinary team, brief description.
- 46. draft Laws regulating medical rehabilitation.
- 47. The concept of rehabilitation diagnosis, give a definition

10. SELF-STUDY WORK OF STUDENTS

Title of sections and topics	Type of self-study work	Volumeinhours	Formofcon-
	(study of educational mate-		trol
	rial, problem solving, ab-		(verification
	stract, report, test, prepa-		of problem
	ration for pass test, exami-		solving, ab-
	nation, etc.)		stract, etc.)
Introduction to physical	Writing an essay "Current	1	Tests. Survey
and rehabilitation medi-	state of the problem of reha-		on the topic
cine	bilitation "		
General aspects of human	Report" Variability of possi-	1	Tests.Survey
functioning and limita-	ble approaches to under-		on the topic
tions of its vital activity	standing health and disease "		_
Sanological concepts of	Abstract" Modern	1	Tests.Survey

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health assessment	understanding of the rehabili		on the tenie
neattii assessment	understanding of the rehabilitation process "		on the topic
The concept of "quality of	Control work" Comparative	1	Tests.Survey
life" as one of the most im-	characteristics of psychologi-		on the topic
portant modern research	cal protection mechanisms		
areas in rehabilitation	and coping strategies. "		
The main differences be-	preparation of the report"	1	Tests.Survey
tween rehabilitation and	Basic approaches to health		on the topic
treatment	restoration»		
Biopsychosocial approach	Preparation of the training	1	Tests.Survey
to rehabilitation	project "Biopsychosocial		on the topic
	model of rehabilitation"		
Examination of neuro-	solving situational problems,	1	Tests.Survey
muscular, skeletal, and	testing		on the topic
motion-related systems.			
Fundamentals of biome-	solving situational problems,	1	Tests.Survey
chanical and kinematic di-	testing		on the topic
agnostics in the FORMAT			
Study of the functions of	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
the cardiovascular and res-	tasks, test		on the topic
piratory systems for reha-			
bilitation purposes.			
Research of mental and	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
sensory functions, voice	tasks, test		on the topic
and speech functions.		1	T
Regulatory and legal regu-	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
lation of medical rehabili-	tasks, test		on the topic
tation	TEL 1 : C : C : 1	1	Tr. 4 C
Ethical problems in the re-	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
habilitation process. Doc-	tasks, test		on the topic
tor and society in the era of			
development of new rehabilitation technologies			
ICF in rehabilitation med-	Study of domains of the in-	1	Tests.Survey
icine	ternational classification of	1	on the topic
icine	functioning		on the topic
Principles of diagnosis in	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
the ICF: assessment of dis-	tasks, test	1	on the topic
orders of function, struc-	mono, test		on the topic
tures, activity, participa-			
tion and environmental			
factors. Rehabilitation di-			
agnosis			
Technology of using ICF	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
in rehabilitation.	tasks, test		on the topic
An individual program of	Preparation of the training	1	Tests.Survey
medical rehabilitation.	project " Individual rehabili-		on the topic
	tation program»		topic
Psychological aspects of	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
the ICF work	tasks, test		on the topic
	•	•	

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Rehabilitation training:	The decision of situational	1	Tests.Survey
methodological and theo-	tasks, test		on the topic
retical foundations.			

11. EDUCATIONAL, METHODOLOGICAL AND INFORMATION SUPPORT OF DISCIPLINE

a) List of recommended literature

a) Main literature:

- 1. Medical rehabilitation: textbook / edited by A. V. Epifanov, E. E. Achkasov, V. A. Epifanov. Москва: ГЭОТАР-Медиа, 2022. 664 с. ISBN 978-5-9704-6688-9. Текст: электронный // ЭБС "Консультант студента": [сайт]. URL: https://www.studentlibrary.ru/book/ISBN9785970466889.html
- 2. Хованская Г. Н. General principles of medical rehabilitation and physiotherapy = Общие основы медицинской реабилитации и физиотерапии : пособие для студентов учреждений высшего образования, обучающихся по специальности 1-79 01 01 «Лечебное дело» [на англ. яз.] : мапиаl for the Medical Faculty for International Students (Course of studies in English) / Г. Н. Хованская. Гродно : ГрГМУ, 2019. 212 с. ISBN 9789855950944. Текст : электронный // ЭБС "Букап" : [сайт]. URL : https://www.books-up.ru/ru/book/general-principles-of-medical-rehabilitation-and-physiotherapy-12068689/

b) Additional literature:

- 1. Kruchkova, A. V. Care for Surgical Patients / A. V. Kruchkova, Yu. V. Kondusova, I. A. Poletayeva and others; edited by A. V. Kruchkova. Москва: ГЭОТАР-Медиа, 2020. 144 с. ISBN 978-5-9704-5664-4. Текст: электронный // ЭБС "Консультант студента": [сайт]. URL: https://www.studentlibrary.ru/book/ISBN9785970456644.html
- 2. Manual to practical sessions on medical supervision in physical exercise, sports and clinical practice : учебное пособие / A. N. Vykhodtsev, N. V. Grebenkina, V. K. Pashkov [и др.]. 2-е изд. Томск : СибГМУ, 2019. 83 с. Текст : электронный // Лань : электронно-библиотечная система. URL: https://e.lanbook.com/book/138710

c) educational- methodical:

AGREED:

1. Grishchuk D. V. Guide for student independent work on the discipline «Biopsychosocial approach to medical rehabilitation» for specialty 31.05.01 «General medicine» / D. V. Grischuk, S. V. Yarzutkin; Ulyanovsk State University. - Ulyanovsk: UlSU, 2022. - 20 р. - Неопубликованный ресурс; На англ. яз. - Режим доступа: ЭБС УлГУ. - Текст: электронный. URL: http://lib.ulsu.ru/MegaPro/Download/MObject/13102.

___Leading specialist____/Стадольникова Д. Р./__ ___/14.05.2024_ The position of the worker scientific library Full name signature data

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e) Professed data base, directory and search systems:

1. Электронно-библиотечные системы:

- 1.1. Цифровой образовательный ресурс IPRsmart : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО Компания «Ай Пи Ар Медиа». Саратов, [2024]. URL: http://www.iprbookshop.ru. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.2. Образовательная платформа ЮРАЙТ : образовательный ресурс, электронная библиотека : сайт / ООО Электронное издательство «ЮРАЙТ». Москва, [2024]. URL: https://urait.ru . Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.3. База данных «Электронная библиотека технического ВУЗа (ЭБС «Консультант студента») : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО «Политехресурс». Москва, [2024]. URL: https://www.studentlibrary.ru/cgi-bin/mb4x. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.4. Консультант врача. Электронная медицинская библиотека: база данных: сайт / ООО «Высшая школа организации и управления здравоохранением-Комплексный медицинский консалтинг». Москва, [2024]. URL: https://www.rosmedlib.ru. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст: электронный.
- 1.5. Большая медицинская библиотека: электронно-библиотечная система: сайт / OOO «Букап». Томск, [2024]. URL: https://www.books-up.ru/ru/library/. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст: электронный.
- 1.6. ЭБС Лань: электронно-библиотечная система: сайт / ООО ЭБС «Лань». Санкт-Петербург, [2024]. URL: https://e.lanbook.com. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст: электронный.
- 1.7. ЭБС **Znanium.com :** электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО «Знаниум». Москва, [2024]. URL: http://znanium.com . Режим доступа : для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- **2. КонсультантПлюс** [Электронный ресурс]: справочная правовая система. / ООО «Консультант Плюс» Электрон. дан. Москва : КонсультантПлюс, [2024].
- **3. eLIBRARY.RU**: научная электронная библиотека : сайт / ООО «Научная Электронная Библиотека». Москва, [2024]. URL: http://elibrary.ru. Режим доступа : для авториз. пользователей. Текст : электронный
- **4.** Федеральная государственная информационная система «Национальная электронная библиотека» : электронная библиотека : сайт / ФГБУ РГБ. Москва, [2024]. URL: https://нэб.pф. Режим доступа : для пользователей научной библиотеки. Текст : электронный.
- **5.** <u>Российское образование</u> : федеральный портал / учредитель ФГАУ «ФИЦТО». URL: http://www.edu.ru. Текст : электронный.
- **6.** Электронная библиотечная система УлГУ : модуль «Электронная библиотека» АБИС Мега-ПРО / ООО «Дата Экспресс». URL: http://lib.ulsu.ru/MegaPro/Web. Режим доступа : для пользователей научной библиотеки. Текст : электронный.

Инженер ведущий

Щуренко Ю.В.

2024

12. MATERIAL AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT OF DISCIPLINE:

Audiences for lectures, seminars, for laboratory work and workshops, for ongoing monitoring and intermediate certification, group and individual consultations. The seminar room is equipped with student furniture for 36 seats.

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The classrooms are equipped with specialized furniture, a training board. The lecture halls are equipped with multimedia equipment to provide information to a large audience. The rooms for independent work are equipped with computer equipment with the ability to connect to the Internet and providing access to an electronic educational information environment, an electronic library system. The list of equipment used in the educational process is indicated in accordance with the information about the material and technical support and equipment of the educational process, available on the official website of the Ulyanovsk State University in the section "Information about the educational organization".

Technical means:

- 1. Classroom board
- 2. Educational visual aids, tables and slides in the specialty; videos
- 3. Workplace for the teacher
- 4. Personal computer, office equipment, audio, video library.
- 5. Presentations on lecture topics;
- 6. Educational videos:
- Dangerous method;
- Air Force the functioning of the brain.
- 7. Educational technology:

Simulation technologies: role-playing games: "Communication training in the doctor-patient dyad; relaxation techniques: Training in self-regulation methods.

Non-simulation technologies: multimedia presentations; compilation of a psychological and behavioral portrait.

13. SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Training students with disabilities is carried out taking into account the peculiarities of psychophysical development, individual capabilities and health of such students. Education of students with disabilities can be organized in conjunction with other students, and separately. If necessary, students from among persons with disabilities (at the request of the student) may be offered one of the following options for the perception of information, taking into account their individual psychophysical characteristics:

- for persons with visual impairment: in printed form in large print; in the form of an electronic document; in the form of an audio file (translation of educational materials into audio format); in printed form in Braille; individual consultations with the involvement of a special translator; individual tasks and consultations.
- for persons with hearing impairment: in printed form; in the form of an electronic document; video materials with subtitles; individual consultations with the assistance of a sign language interpreter; individual tasks and consultations.
- for persons with musculoskeletal disorders: in printed form; in the form of an electronic document; in the form of an audio file; individual tasks and consultations."

If it is necessary to use partially/exclusively distance learning technologies in the educa If it is necessary to use partially/exclusively distance learning technologies in the educational process, the organization of work of teaching staff with students with disabilities and disabilities is provided in an electronic information and educational environment, taking into account their individual psychophysical characteristics.

Developer

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